



# Paving the way for a CO<sub>2</sub>-neutral future with semiconductor technology

Infineon Technologies AG

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# Infineon is a global leader in power systems and IoT

## Growth areas



**Energy**  
green and efficient



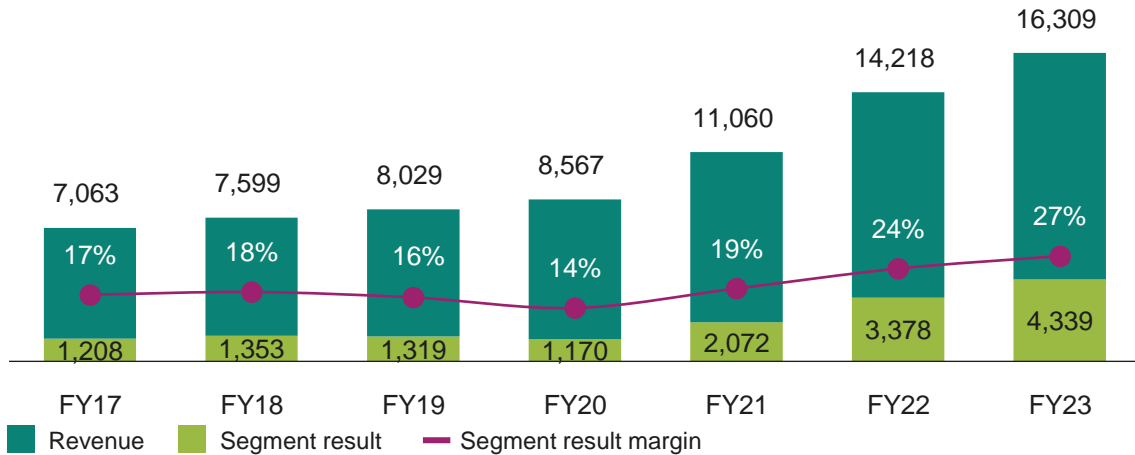
**Mobility**  
clean and safe



**IoT**  
smart and secure

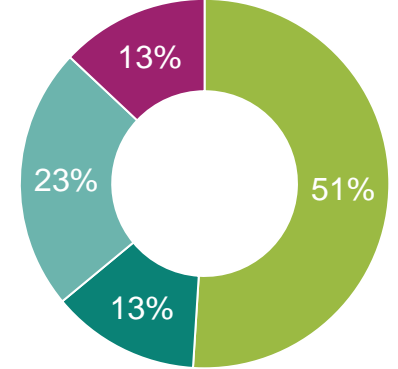
## Financials

[EUR m]



## FY23 revenue by segment<sup>1</sup>

- Automotive (ATV)
- Green Industrial Power (GIP)
- Power & Sensor Systems (PSS)
- Connected Secure Systems (CSS)

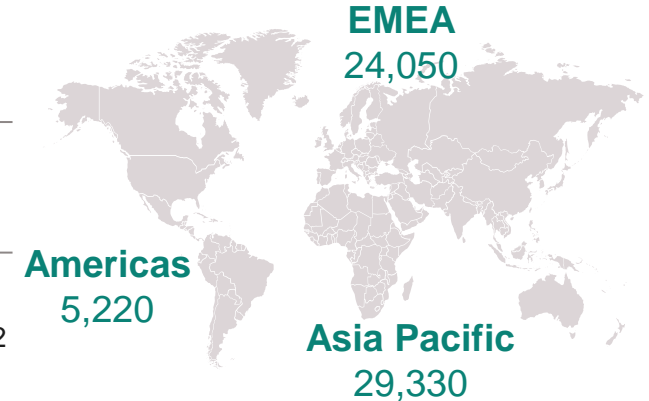


## Employees<sup>2</sup>

**58,600**  
employees worldwide

**69**  
R&D and

**17**  
manufacturing locations<sup>2</sup>

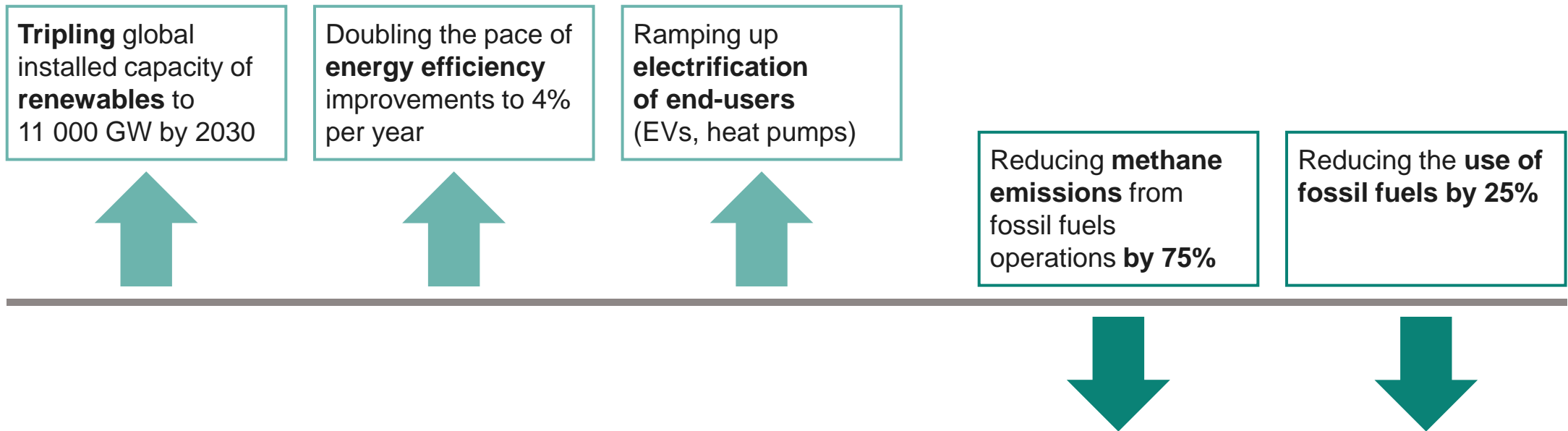


For further information: [Infineon Annual Report](#).

<sup>1</sup> 2023 Fiscal year (as of 30 September 2023) | <sup>2</sup> As of 30 September 2023

# To achieve the 1.5 °C target, the pace of change must be accelerated

According to IEA, a global strategy with **key actions by 2030** is needed to bend the emissions curves downward and put the energy sector **on a path to limit global warming to 1.5 °C**

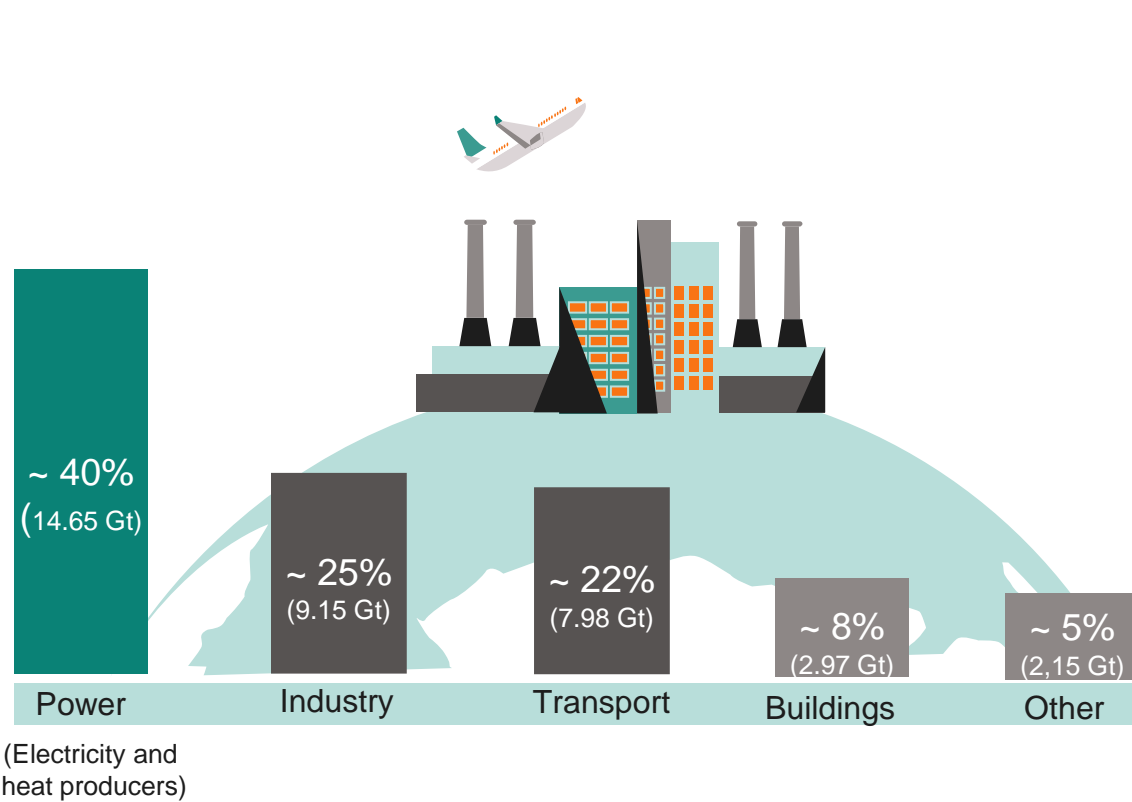


<https://www.iea.org/reports/world-energy-outlook-2023/executive-summary>

IEA (2023), World Energy Outlook 2023, IEA, Paris <https://www.iea.org/reports/world-energy-outlook-2023>, License: CC BY 4.0 (report); CC BY NC SA 4.0 (Annex A), page 44

# Power generation and industry account for over two thirds of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions – decarbonization of these sectors is essential

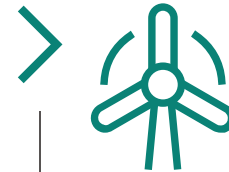
## Global CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by sector in 2022



## Key levers of decarbonization



Decline of energy generation from fossil sources like coal, oil or gas

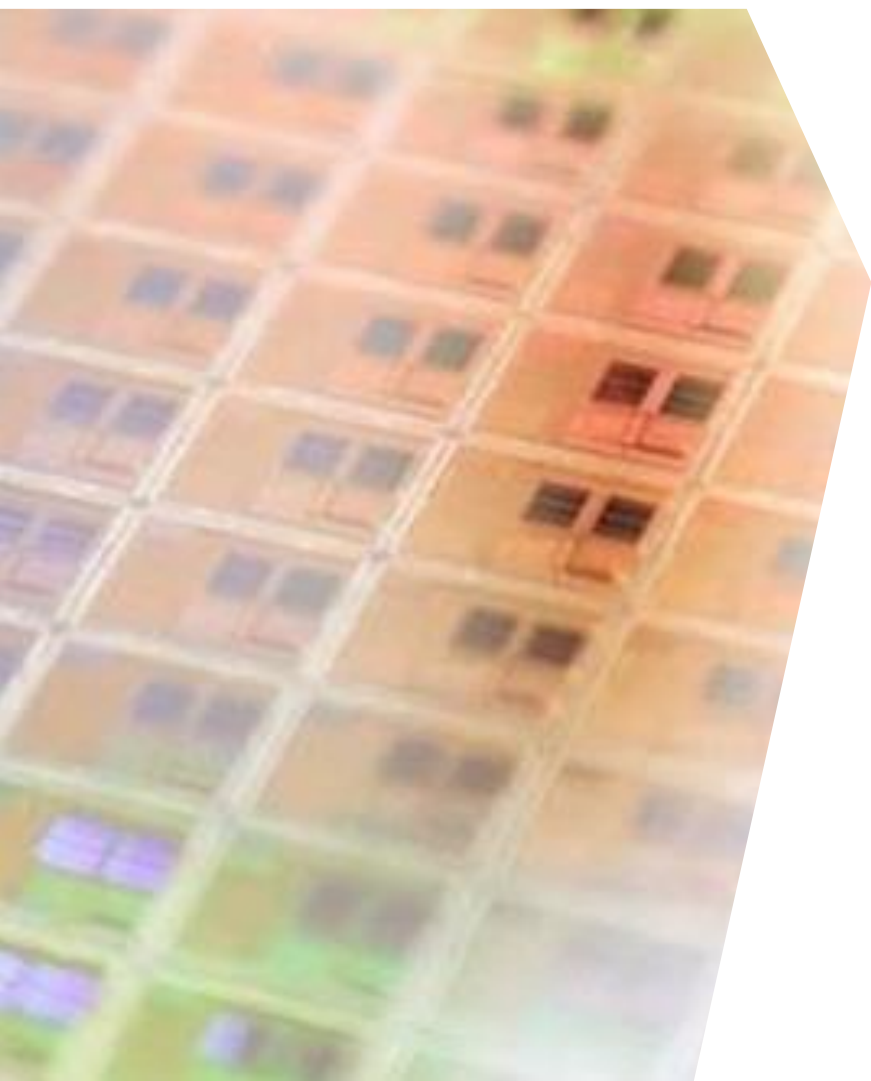


Expansion of renewable energy technologies like solar and wind



Balance of supply and demand with energy storage systems

# Microelectronics – a key lever for electrification and CO<sub>2</sub> reduction



## Green energy

Replacement of fossil fuels in power generation with renewable, clean and secure sources.



## Digitalization of conversion chain

Optimization of the entire energy chain through connectivity and smart control.



## Clean electrification

Electrification of consumption areas previously dominated by fossil fuels – with renewable energies.



## Energy efficiency

Promoting of energy efficiency technologies like wide-bandgap for higher power density and lower losses.



## Decarbonization

# Energy generation – Getting more out of photovoltaic with advanced semiconductors



## We make solar inverters smaller, lighter and more powerful

Our power solutions convert direct current (DC) produced by solar panels into alternating current (AC) that can be fed into a public grid or used in industrial, consumer, and mobility applications – with highest efficiency and less conversion loss.

CoolSiC™ MOSFETs allow for higher currents and reduced heat loss, enabling higher power density and smaller form factors for inverters, massively reducing cost in \$/Wp!



**2008**  
90 W/kg  
 $\eta_{\max}$  97.1%



**2011**  
330 W/kg  
 $\eta_{\max}$  97.8%



**2016**  
710 W/kg  
 $\eta_{\max}$  98.5%



**2020**  
~2100 W/kg  
 $\eta_{\max}$  99.2%

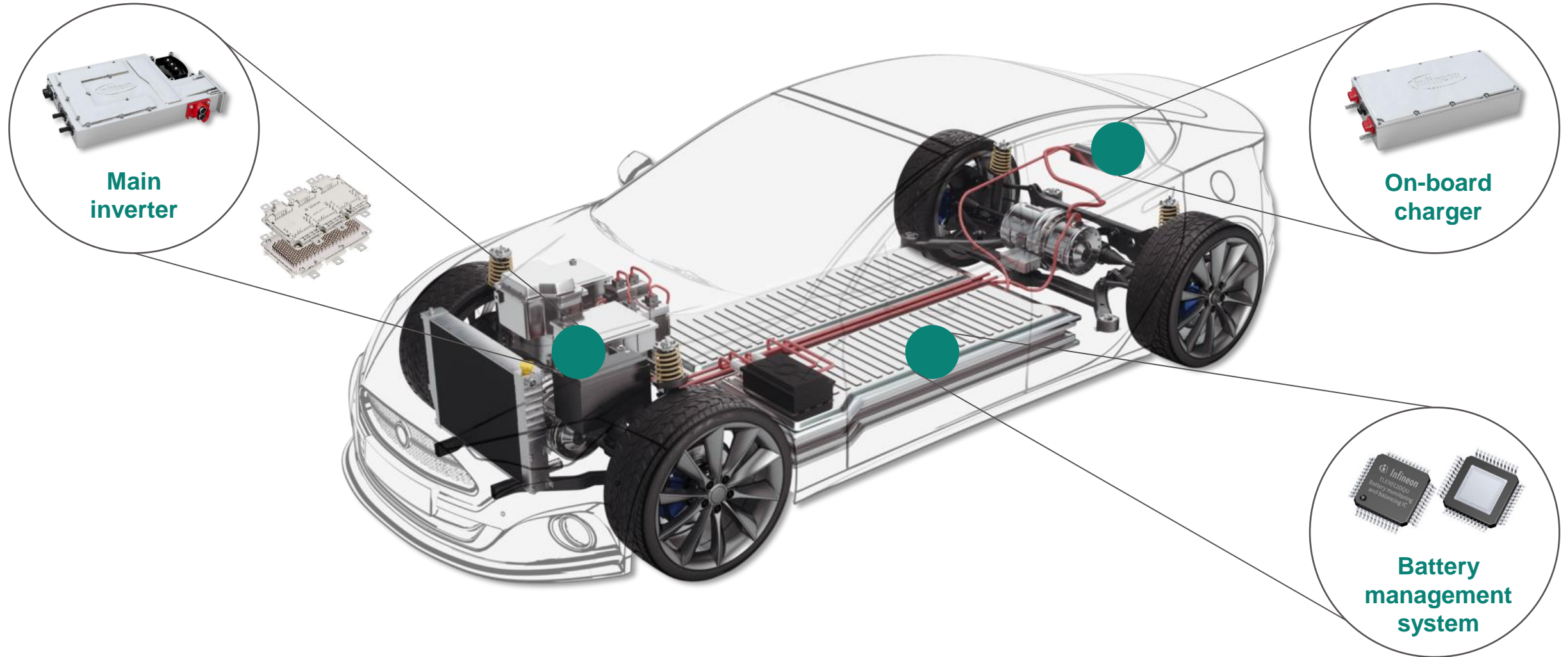


**2023**  
~3000 W/kg  
 $\eta_{\max}$  99%

Courtesy: Kaco new energy GmbH

Courtesy: Sungrow

# Going electric - Semiconductors enable the shift towards green mobility



# Many households will be self-sufficient: 3-in-1 solution with inverter, bi-directional charging and car as storage device



## Solar inverter

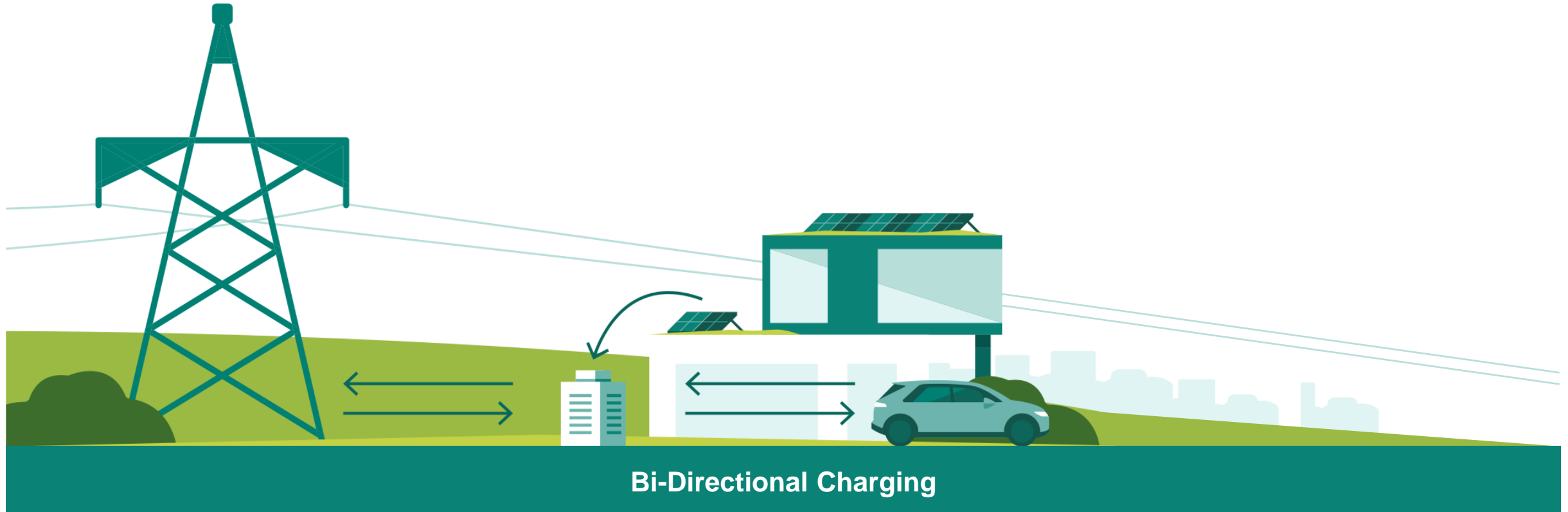
CoolSiC™ modules with operating driver ICs convert DC into AC, complemented by microcontrollers, security and connectivity solutions

## EV charging bi-directional

Smaller and lighter SiC-based charging systems offer faster charging times at a lower system cost

## Energy storage

Power semiconductors and microcontrollers enable highly efficient power conversion and battery management





# We empower a world of unlimited GREEN energy

## Did you know?

\*All figures correspond to CY22

### Solar Systems

IFX products were installed into 2.5m new solar systems



### Wind Systems

and ~11.800 new wind systems worldwide.



### Clean energy

This enables the generation of a total clean energy capacity of ~125 GW.



### CO<sub>2</sub> emission

This corresponds to an annual avoidance of ~128m tons of CO<sub>2</sub>.



# How we actively drive decarbonization: Our climate strategy is based on two main pillars



## Climate strategy at Infineon

Continuous reduction of its own CO<sub>2</sub> footprint **in the manufacture of products** through improved energy efficiency, the most modern process technologies and green electricity usage.



Contribution to global CO<sub>2</sub> reduction through **the use of Infineon's innovative products and solutions by its customers** – leading to better energy efficiency in the industrial, automotive and consumer sectors.



# Infineon creates a huge net ecological benefit

In various areas of application (automotive electronics, industrial drives, photovoltaics as well as wind energy), our products can achieve CO<sub>2</sub> savings during their lifetime of around 117 million tons of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents. Compared with the European electricity mix, this is around 12.5 percent of the annual net electricity production of the European Union.



**Net ecological benefit: CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reduction of more than 113 million tons**

<sup>1</sup> This figure takes into account manufacturing, transportation, own vehicles, travel, supplier-specific emissions, water/waste water, direct emissions, energy consumption, waste etc. as well as direct and indirect energy-related emissions by manufacturing service providers. It is based on data collected internally and publicly available conversion factors and relates to the 2023 fiscal year.

<sup>2</sup> This figure is based on internally established criteria, which are described in the explanatory notes. The figure relates to the 2022 calendar year and takes into account the following application areas: automotive electronics, industrial drives, photovoltaics as well as wind energy. CO<sub>2</sub> savings are calculated based on the potential savings generated by technologies in which semiconductors are used. The CO<sub>2</sub> savings are allocated based on Infineon's market share, semiconductor share and the lifetime of the technologies concerned, based on internal and external experts' estimations. Despite the fact that carbon footprint calculations are subject to imprecision due to the complex issues involved, the results are nevertheless clear.



**Driving  
decarbonization  
and digitalization.  
Together.**

